# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **Wipes Plus Hand Sanitizing Wipes**



### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : Wipes Plus Hand Sanitizing Wipes

**Product code** : 35014, 35024

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Solid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Alcohol hand sanitizing wipes.

Supplier's details : Progressive Products

4 International Drive Rye Brook, NY 10573

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : INFOTRAC (US): 1-800-535-5053 INFOTRAC (outside US): 1-352-326-2510

24/7

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H228 - Flammable solid.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.





### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** 

: P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

| Ingredient name   | %  | CAS number |
|-------------------|----|------------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol | 70 | 67-63-0    |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.





### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

> suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** 

decomposition products

: Flammable solid.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide





### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating. drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.





### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name   | Exposure limits   |
|-------------------|---|
| Isopropyl Alcohol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.





### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Solid. [Wipes.]

Color : Clear.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and : 78°C (172.4°F)

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 13°C (55.4°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 0% Upper: 15%

**Vapor pressure** : 7.9 kPa (59 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : 425°C (797°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. reactions





# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Dose                      | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------------------------|----------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | LD50 Dermal<br>LD50 Oral |         | 12800 mg/kg<br>5000 mg/kg | -        |

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure     | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg           |             |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 10 mg        | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg       | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg       | -           |

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | -    | 3    | -   |

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs    |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Information on the likely

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name | - ( 3 | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | (0) | (vapors) | Inhalation<br>(dusts and<br>mists) (mg/<br>I) |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----|----------|---|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | 5000  | 12800             | N/A | N/A      | N/A   |





# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species  | Exposure             |
|-------------------------|--------|--|----------------------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | _      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                         | 48 hours             |
|                         |        | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon<br>Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha | 48 hours<br>96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Isopropyl Alcohol       | 0.05   | -   | low       |

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                               | DOT Classification   | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| UN number                     | UN3175   | UN3175   | UN3175   |
| UN proper shipping name       | SOLIDS CONTAINING<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Isopropyl Alcohol) | SOLIDS CONTAINING<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Isopropyl Alcohol) | SOLIDS CONTAINING<br>FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Isopropyl Alcohol) |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 4.1  | 4.1  | 4.1  |
| Packing group                 | II   | II   | II   |



#### Wipes Plus Hand Sanitizing Wipes

# **Section 14. Transport information**

| Environmental | No. | No. | No. |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|
| hazards       |     |     |     |

**AERG** : 133

**Additional information** 

**DOT Classification** : Limited quantity Yes.

> Packaging instruction Exceptions: 151. Non-bulk: 212. Bulk: 240. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 15 kg. Cargo aircraft: 50 kg.

Special provisions 47, IB6, IP2, T3, TP33

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-I

Special provisions 216, 274

**IATA** : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 15 kg. Packaging instructions: 445.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 50 kg. Packaging instructions: 448. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 5 kg. Packaging instructions: Y441.

**Special provisions** A46

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

Composition/information on ingredients





## Section 15. Regulatory information

| Name              | % | Classification   |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Isopropyl Alcohol |   | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Isopropyl Alcohol

**New York**: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Isopropyl Alcohol Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Isopropyl Alcohol

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification                                   | Justification   |
|--|---|
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method |

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 03/15/2021

Date of previous issue

: Not applicable

Version :

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.





### Section 16. Other information

#### **Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

**UN = United Nations** 

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

